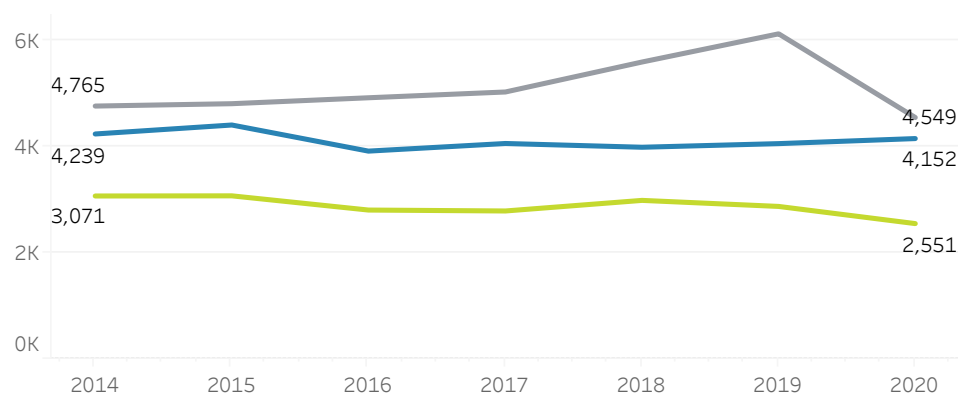


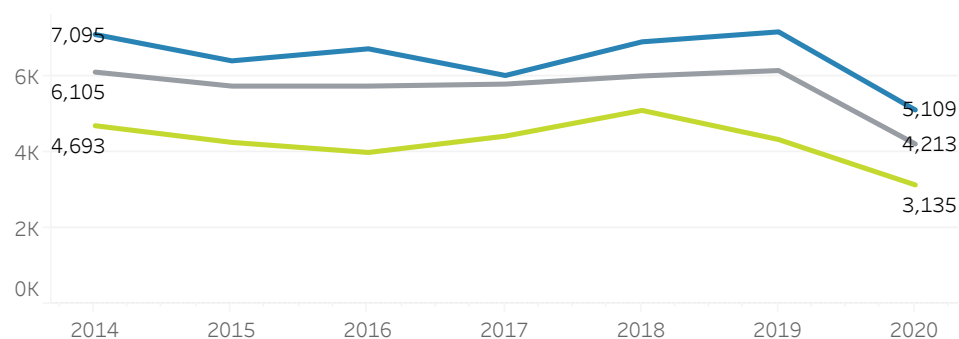
JOINT PUBLIC HEALTH BOARD SEXUAL HEALTH PERFORMANCE REPORT



1. New sexually transmitted infections diagnoses in under 25 year olds per 100,000 population



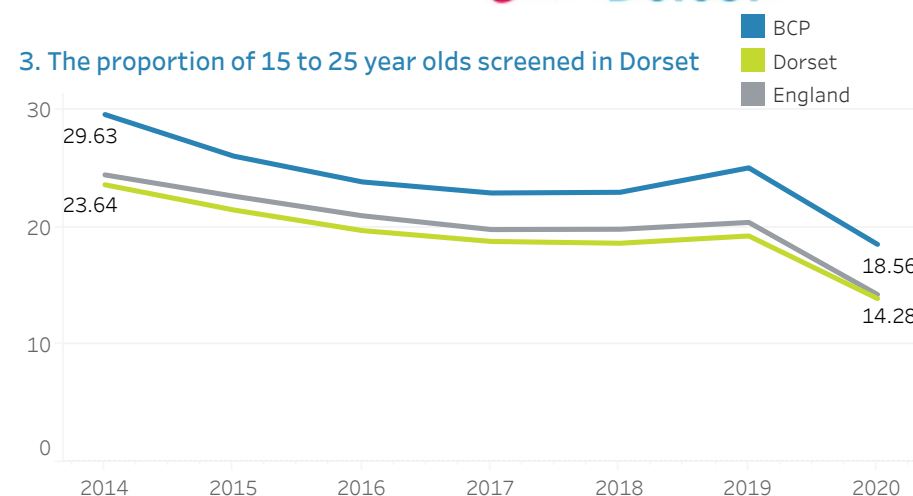
2. Rate of Chlamydia diagnoses for age 15-25 years



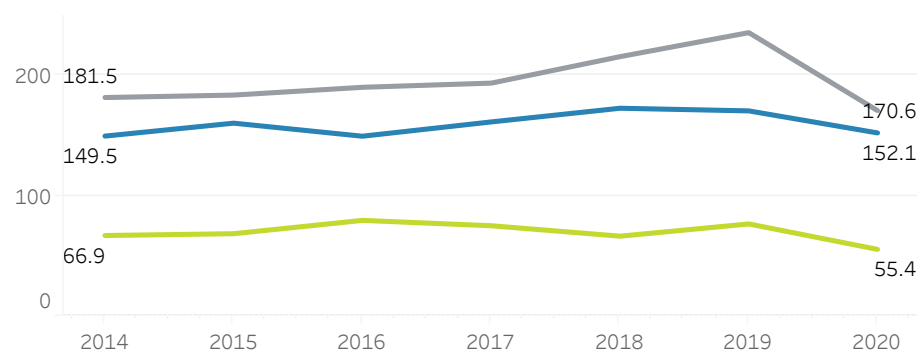
All new STIs (excluding Chlamydia in under 25s) per 100,000 aged 15 to 64 years showed that in 2020 infection diagnoses are lower than England average in Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole combined and lower in Dorset. A longer-term trend shows a rise for 2014/5 in Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole and a fall in 2016 but remains static overall since 2012, compared to a decline over the last year nationally.

Created and maintained by the Public Health Dorset Intelligence Team
Data Source: PHE Fingertips

3. The proportion of 15 to 25 year olds screened in Dorset



4. Rate of Chlamydia diagnoses for age 25 years and over

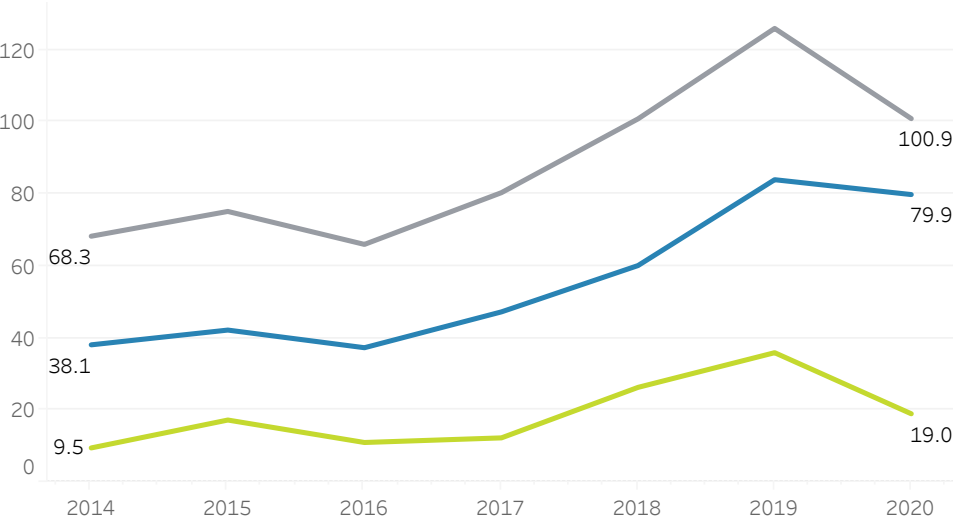


For chlamydia screening Sexual Health Services in Dorset have adopted a more targeted focus in directing screening to areas of greater need to increase positivity rates and subsequent treatment. So, the proportion of those 15-25 years olds screened in higher prevalence areas are higher. The numbers screened aged between 15-25 in Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole combined are shown as higher than England average and Dorset are much lower. The diagnoses for those over 25 are lower than England average across both council areas but remain largely static overtime, compared to a decline in the England average from 2019 to 2020.

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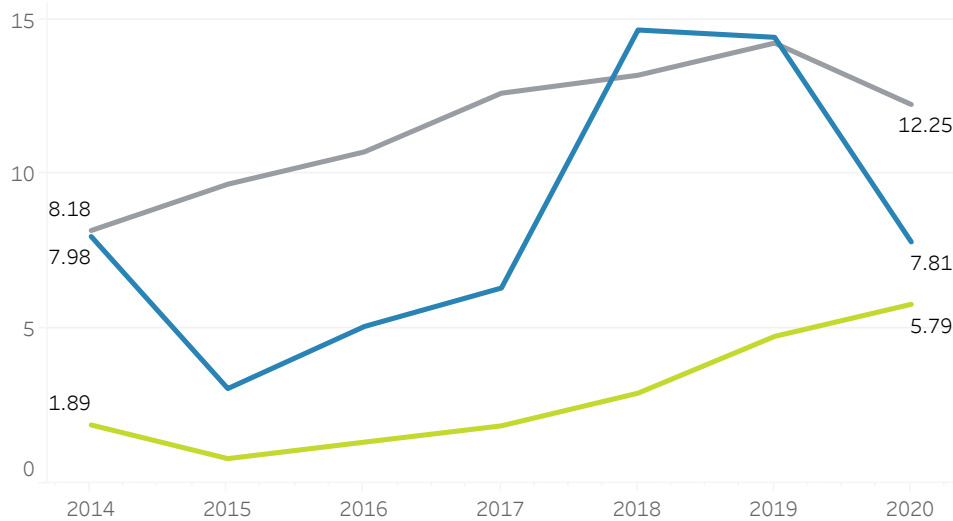


5.The rate of Gonorrhoea diagnoses per 100,000 population



The rate of Gonorrhoea has been increasing since 2016 but show a levelling off during 2020, which now indicates a slight decline for Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole and Dorset shows a steeper decline, which is more in line with the England trend. Figures both remain lower than the England average at 79.9 and 19.0 per 100,000 population respectively compared to 100.9.

6.Rate of syphilis diagnoses per 100,000 population

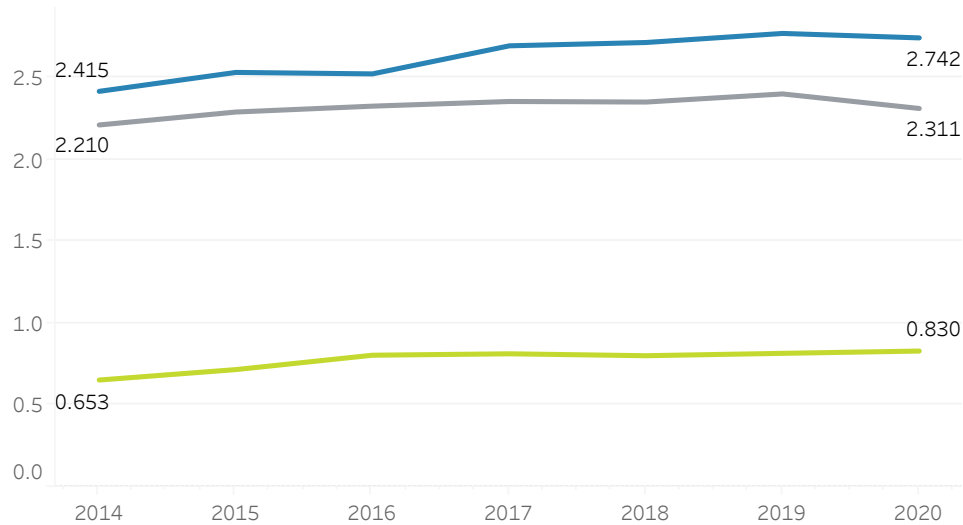


Nationally rates of syphilis diagnoses showed a rising trend, rates in Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole peaked again in 2018 following a decline since 2014, now figures for 2020 once again show a steeper decline and are now below England average which is 12.25 at 7.81 and 5.79 respectively.

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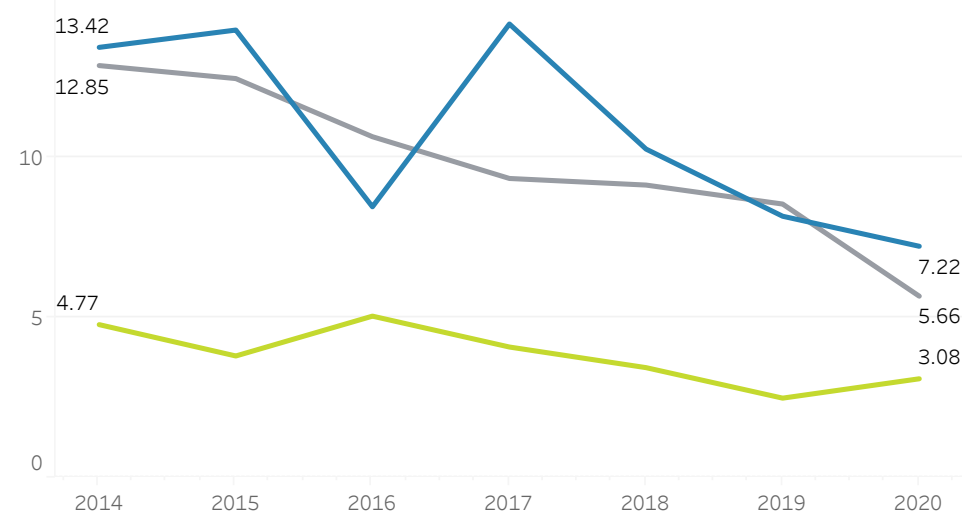


7.HIV Diagnosed prevalence 15 -59



The prevalence rate for HIV in 2020 was 2.742 per 1000 population in Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole, which was higher than the England average (2.311). Trends have remained higher, which is largely due to vulnerable groups residing in the area. This gives an amber ranking against the PHE goal of less than 2 per 1000 population. Rates for Dorset (0.83) were below average and ranked green.

8.HIV new diagnosis rate per 100,000 15 plus years.



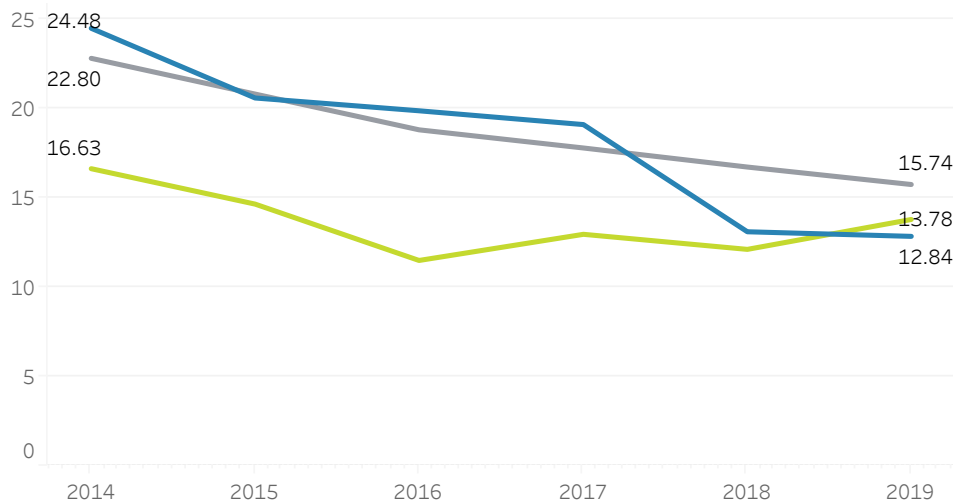
In 2020 data showed that HIV new diagnosis rates fell overall, but not significantly and are now above England average (5.66) again in Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole (7.22). Dorset remains low (3.08) and highlight a slight increase since 2019. Late diagnosis for HIV has improved since 2011 as people are presenting and getting tested earlier and awareness of clinical indicators for HIV among care professionals has improved.

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9. Under 18 conception rates per 1000 population in females 15-17 years

Note: only 2017 figures provided for new LA areas



- BCP
- Dorset
- England

Nationally conception rates have fallen over time from 22.8 to 15.74, in Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole were slightly above England average in 2017 and are now below average (12.84 from 19.09) and Dorset remain below average (13.78) and now show a slightly higher figure than Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole.